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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/658,970	09/09/2003	Michal Hlavac	INGEENI-2	3999	
75	90 10/19/2006		EXAM	INER	
Mark J. Pandis	scio	DUNHAM, JASON B			
Pandiscio & Par 470 Totten Pond	•	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
Waltham, MA		3625			
				DATE MAILED: 10/19/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/658,970	HLAVAC ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Jason B. Dunham	3625				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 31 Ju	<u>ıly 2006</u> .					
2a)⊠ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)□ This	action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims	·					
4) Claim(s) 1,3-10 and 12-16 is/are pending in the	e application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	wn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,3-10 and 12-16</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>31 July 2006</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	caminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	ι (PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail D	ate				
<ol> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)</li> <li>Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>09/06/06</u>.</li> </ol>	5)  Notice of Informal F 6)  Other:	ratent Application				

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Response to Amendment

The drawings filed July 31, 2006 have been accepted the previous objection has been vacated. The applicant's argument regarding the terms "SerialGroupSkill" and "AmbuLocoGroup" is persuasive and the previous objection has been vacated. Claims 1 and 9 have been amended, claims 2 and 11 have been canceled, and claims 13-16 have been added in applicant's response filed July 31, 2006.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1,3-10, and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hayes-Roth (U.S. Patent Application Publication 2003/0028498 in view of Nakazawa (U.S. Patent No. 6,956,575).

Referring to claim 1. The combination of Hayes-Roth and Nakazawa discloses a method for doing business comprising:

Providing an individual with a virtual environment and at least one virtual element
within said virtual environment, wherein said virtual environment is configured so
that additional virtual elements can be introduced into said virtual environment,
and wherein at least one of said virtual elements comprises a virtual character

comprising a behavior state, an emotion state, and a learning state, and wherein said behavior state, said emotion state, and said learning state are capable of changing in response to stimuli received from within said virtual environment and/or commands from outside of said virtual environment (Hayes-Roth: abstract, paragraphs 4,6,23, & 46); and

- Enabling a customer to add an additional virtual element to the virtual environment (Hayes-Roth: paragraphs 6, 7, 179);
- Hayes-Roth discloses all of the above but does not expressly disclose requiring the customer to buy a product. Nakazawa discloses a method for doing business wherein the enabling a customer to add an additional virtual element to the virtual environment is effected by: requiring the customer to buy a product which is different than the additional virtual element, and as a consequence of the customer's purchase of the product, supplying the customer with access to the additional virtual element, whereby to induce the customer to buy the product (Nakazawa: abstract and column 1, lines 42-47). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to have modified the method of Hayes-Roth to have included requiring the customer to buy a product, as taught by Nakazawa, as a method of producing more revenue for the character producer (Nakazawa: column 1, lines 48-54).

Referring to claim 3. The combination of Hayes-Roth and Nakazawa further discloses a method wherein the product comprises a good (Hayes-Roth: paragraph 7).

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Referring to claim 4. The combination of Hayes-Roth and Nakazawa further discloses a method wherein the product comprises a service (Hayes-Roth: paragraph 7).

Referring to claim 5. The combination of Hayes-Roth and Nakazawa further discloses a method wherein the product is purchased by the customer on-line (Hayes-Roth: abstract).

Referring to claim 6. The combination of Hayes-Roth and Nakazawa further discloses a method wherein the product is purchased by the customer at a physical location (Hayes-Roth: paragraphs 7 & 15).

Referring to claim 7. The combination of Hayes-Roth and Nakazawa further discloses a method wherein said additional virtual element is delivered to the customer on-line (Hayes-Roth: abstract, paragraph 7).

Referring to claim 8. The combination of Hayes-Roth and Nakazawa further discloses a method wherein said additional virtual element is delivered to the customer on electronic storage media (Hayes-Roth: paragraph 6).

Referring to claim 9. The combination of Hayes-Roth and Nakazawa further discloses a method wherein said additional virtual element is configured to change state in response to stimuli received from within said virtual environment and/or commands from outside said virtual environment (Hayes-Roth: paragraphs 46 & 48).

Referring to claim 10. The combination of Hayes-Roth and Nakazawa further discloses a method wherein said additional virtual element comprises a virtual character (Hayes-Roth: paragraphs 6 & 7).

Referring to claim 16. Claim 16 is rejected under the same rationale set forth above in the rejection of claim 1.

Claim 12 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the combination of Hayes-Roth and Nakazawa and further in view of Nakisa (U.S. Patent No. 6,968,315).

Referring to claim 12. The combination of Hayes-Roth and Nakazawa discloses all of the above but does not expressly disclose a method including the step of tracking the results of customer interaction through metrics specific to a measure of brand involvement. Nakisa discloses a method including the step of tracking the results of customer interaction through metrics specific to a measure of brand involvement (Nakisa: column 3, lines 34-49 & column 6, lines 48-67). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to have modified the method of Hayes-Roth/Nakazawa to have included the step of tracking the results of customer interaction through metrics specific to a measure of brand involvement, as taught by Nakisa, in order to better tailor advertising to customers (Nakisa: abstract).

Claims 13-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the combination of Hayes-Roth and Nakazawa and further in view of Kolawa U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2006/0026048).

Referring to claims 13-14. The combination of Hayes-Roth and Nakazawa discloses all of the above but does not expressly disclose a method wherein access is

effected by physical delivery of media. Kolawa discloses a method of doing business wherein access to a virtual element is effected by physical delivery of media containing a representation of the virtual element and wherein the media contains computer software (Kolawa: paragraph 167). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to have modified the method of Hayes-Roth/Nakazawa to have included access effected by physical delivery of media, as taught by Kolawa in order to provide the user with a hard copy of the media (Kolawa: paragraph 167).

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Claim 15 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the combination of Hayes-Roth and Nakazawa and further in view of Vance (U.S. Patent No. 6,267,672)

Referring to claim 15. The combination of Hayes-Roth and Nakazawa discloses all of the above but does not expressly disclose a method wherein access is effected by delivering an access code to the customer. Vance discloses a method of doing business wherein access is effected by delivering an access code to the customer, such that the customer can use the access code to introduce the additional virtual element to the virtual environment (Vance: abstract). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to have modified the method of Hayes-Roth/Nakazawa to have included access effected by delivering an access code to the customer, as taught by Vance, to encourage consumers to purchase more products (Vance: abstract).

## Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1,3-10, and 12 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection. New claims 13-16 are rejected as noted above.

#### Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jason B. Dunham whose telephone number is 571-272-8109. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 8-5.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jeff Smith can be reached on 571-272-6763. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

JBD Patent Examiner 10/10/06

> YOGESH C. GARG YOGESH C. GARG PRIMARY EXAMINER PRIMARY EXAMINER 2600 PRIMARY CENTER 3600